

(2) Pre funkcii  $f(x, y, z) = 8 - 5x^2 - 3y^2 - z$

najdite: (a) dotylnú rovnu  $\bar{a} = (1, 0, 3)$  (5b)  
k ploche  $f(x, y, z) = 0$ . (b) deriváciu  $D_{\bar{u}} f(\bar{a})$  v smere  
 $\bar{u} = (\frac{1}{3}, -\frac{2}{3}, \frac{2}{3})$ . (3b)

2(a)  $\frac{\partial f}{\partial x} = -10x$ ,  $\frac{\partial f}{\partial y} = -6y$ ,  $\frac{\partial f}{\partial z} = -1$  (1)

$$\nabla f(\bar{a}) = (-10 \cdot 1, -6 \cdot 0, -1) = (-10, 0, -1) \quad (1)$$

$\varphi \equiv \nabla f(\bar{a}) \cdot (x-1, y, z-3) = 0$  je hledaná  
dotylná rovina. Teda

$$\varphi \equiv (-10, 0, -1) \cdot (x-1, y, z-3) = 0 \quad (2)$$

$$\varphi \equiv -10(x-1) - (z-3) = 0$$

$$\varphi \equiv -10x - z + 13 = 0$$

$$\varphi \equiv 10x + z - 13 = 0 \quad (1)$$

2(b)  $D_{\bar{u}} f(\bar{a}) = \nabla f(\bar{a}) \cdot \bar{u} = (-10, 0, -1) \cdot (\frac{1}{3}, -\frac{2}{3}, \frac{2}{3}) =$   
 $= -\frac{10}{3} - \frac{2}{3} = -\frac{12}{3} = -4 \quad (3)$